Privacy Impact Assessment



What is a Privacy Impact Assessment?

A Privacy Impact Assessment ("PIA") is a process that assists organisations in identifying and minimising the privacy risks of new projects or policies.

Projects of all sizes could impact on personal data.

The PIA will help to ensure that potential problems are identified at an early stage, when addressing them will often be simpler and less costly.

Conducting a PIA should benefit the Council by producing better policies and systems, and improving the relationship with individuals.

Why should I carry out a PIA?

Carrying out an effective PIA should benefit the people affected by a project and also the organisation carrying out the project.

Whilst not a legal requirement, it is often the most effective way to demonstrate to the Information Commissioner's Officer how personal data processing complies with the <u>Data Protection Act 1998</u>.

A project which has been subject to a PIA should be less privacy intrusive and therefore less likely to affect individuals in a negative way.

A PIA should improve transparency and make it easier for individuals to understand how and why their information is being used.

When should I carry out a PIA?

The core principles of PIA can be applied to <u>any</u> project that involves the use of personal data, or to <u>any other</u> activity that could have an impact on the privacy of individuals.

Answering the screening questions in **Section 1** of this document should help you identify the need for a PIA at an early stage of your project, which can then be built into your project management or other business process.

Who should carry out a PIA?

Responsibility for conducting a PIA should be placed at senior manager level. A PIA has strategic significance and direct responsibility for the PIA must, therefore, be assumed by a senior manager.

The senior manager should ensure effective management of the privacy impacts arising from the project, and avoid expensive re-work and retro-fitting of features by discovering issues early.

A senior manager can delegate responsibilities for conducting a PIA to three alternatives:

- a) An appointment within the overall project team;
- b) Someone who is outside the project; or
- c) An external consultant.

Each of these alternatives has its own advantages and disadvantages, and careful consideration should be given on each project as to who would be best-placed for carrying out the PIA.

How do I carry out a PIA?

Working through each section of this document will guide you through the PIA process.

The requirement for a PIA will be identified by answering the questions in **Section 1**. If a requirement has been identified, you should complete all the remaining sections in order.

The Privacy Impact Assessment Statement in **Section 7** should be completed in <u>all</u> cases, and a copy of this document should be sent to the Senior Legal Assistant (Data Protection Officer) to record and review.

The Senior Legal Assistant (Data Protection Officer) will review the PIA within 14 days of receipt, and a draft PIA report will be issued within 28 days. The report will confirm whether the proposed measures to address the privacy risks identified are adequate, and make recommendations for additional measures needed.

These measures will be reviewed once in place to ensure that they are effective.

Advice can be found at the beginning of each section, but if further information or assistance is required, please contact the Senior Legal Assistant (Data Protection Officer) on 023 8083 2676 or at information@southampton.gov.uk.

Section 1 - Screening Statements

The following statements will help you decide whether a PIA is necessary for your project.

Please tick all that apply.

The project will involve the collection of new information about individuals.

The project will compel individuals to provide information about themselves.

Information about individuals will be disclosed to organisations or people who have not previously had routine access to the information.

You are using information about individuals for a purpose it is not currently used for, or in a way it is not currently used.

The project involves you using new technology which might be perceived as being privacy intrusive. For example, the use of biometrics, facial recognition, or profiling.

The project will result in you making decisions or taking action against individuals in ways which can have a significant impact on them.

The information about individuals is of a kind particularly likely to raise privacy concerns or expectations. For example, health records, criminal records, or other information that people would consider to be particularly private.

The project will require you to contact individuals in ways which they may find intrusive.

The project involves making changes to the way personal information is obtained, recorded, transmitted, deleted, or held.

If <u>any</u> of these statements apply to your project, it is an indication that a PIA would be a useful exercise, and you should complete the rest of the assessment, including the Privacy Impact Assessment Statement in **Section 5**.

If none of these statements apply, it is not necessary to carry out a PIA for your project, but you will still need to complete the Privacy Impact Assessment Statement in **Section 5**.

Section 2 - Identifying the Need for a PIA

| Briefly explain what the project aims to achieve, what the benefits will be to the Council, to | |
|--|--|
| individuals, and to other parties. | |
| | |

Section 3 - Describe the Information Flows

The collection, use, sharing, and deletion of personal data should be described here.

Section 4 - Identifying the Privacy Risks

Answering the questions below will help identify the key privacy risks, and the associated compliance and corporate risks.

The questions cover the 8 Principles of the <u>Data Protection Act 1998</u>, and whilst all may not be relevant to your project, they may prompt you to consider areas of risk which aren't initially apparent.

Principle 1

Personal data shall be processed fairly and lawfully.

What personal data will be collected and/or shared?

With whom will the personal data be shared?

How will individuals be told about the use of their personal data?

Conditions for processing

For all data (tick all that apply):

The individual who the personal data is about has consented to the processing.

The processing is necessary in relation to a contract which the individual has entered into, or because the individual has asked for something to be done so they can enter into a contract.

The processing is necessary because of a legal obligation that applies to you (except an obligation imposed by a contract).

The processing is necessary to protect the individual's "vital interests".

The processing is necessary for administering justice, or for exercising statutory, governmental, or other public functions.

The processing is necessary for the purposes of the Council's legitimate interests.

If your project involves the processing of sensitive data* (tick all that apply):

The data subject has given his explicit consent to the processing of the personal data.

The individual who the sensitive personal data is about has given explicit consent to the processing.

The processing is necessary so that you can comply with employment law.

The processing is necessary to protect the vital interests of the individual (in a case where the individual's consent cannot be given or reasonably obtained), or another person (in a case where the individual's consent has been unreasonably withheld).

The processing is carried out by a not-for-profit organisation and does not involve disclosing personal data to a third party, unless the individual consents. Extra limitations apply to this condition.

The individual has deliberately made the information public.

The processing is necessary in relation to legal proceedings (for obtaining legal advice, or otherwise for establishing, exercising or defending legal rights).

The processing is necessary for administering justice, or for exercising statutory or governmental functions.

The processing is necessary for medical purposes, and is undertaken by a health professional or by someone who is subject to an equivalent duty of confidentiality.

The processing is necessary for monitoring equality of opportunity, and is carried out with appropriate safeguards for the rights of individuals.

- * Under the Data Protection Act 1998, sensitive personal data is defined as personal data consisting of information as to:
- (a) the racial or ethnic origin of the data subject,
- (b) his political opinions,
- (c) his religious beliefs or other beliefs of a similar nature,
- (d) whether he is a member of a trade union,
- (e) his physical or mental health or condition,
- (f) his sexual life,
- (g) the commission or alleged commission by him of any offence, or
- (h) any proceedings for any offence committed or alleged to have been committed by him, the disposal of such proceedings or the sentence of any court in such proceedings.

| If you are relying on consent to process personal data, how will this be collected and what will you do if it is withheld or withdrawn? |
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| |
| How will individuals be informed at the point of collection about how their personal data will be used? |
| |
| Will any personal data be published on the Internet or in other media? If yes, please provide details. |
| |
| Will a third party contractor be processing the personal data on our behalf, or involved at any stage in the data processing process? |
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| |

| Personal | data | shall | be | obtained | only | for | one | or | more | specified | and | lawful |
|------------|--------|---------|------|------------|--------|-----|-------|----|-------|-----------|-------|---------|
| purposes | , and | shall | not | be further | r proc | ess | ed in | an | y man | ner incom | patib | le with |
| that purpo | ose oi | r those | e pu | rposes. | | | | | | | | |

Do you envisage using the personal data for any other purpose in the future? If so, please provide details.

Principle 3

Personal data shall be adequate, relevant and not excessive in relation to the purpose or purposes for which they are processed.

Are you satisfied that the personal data processed is of good enough quality for the purposes proposed? If not, why not?

Is there any personal data that you could not use, without compromising the needs of the project? If yes, please provide details.

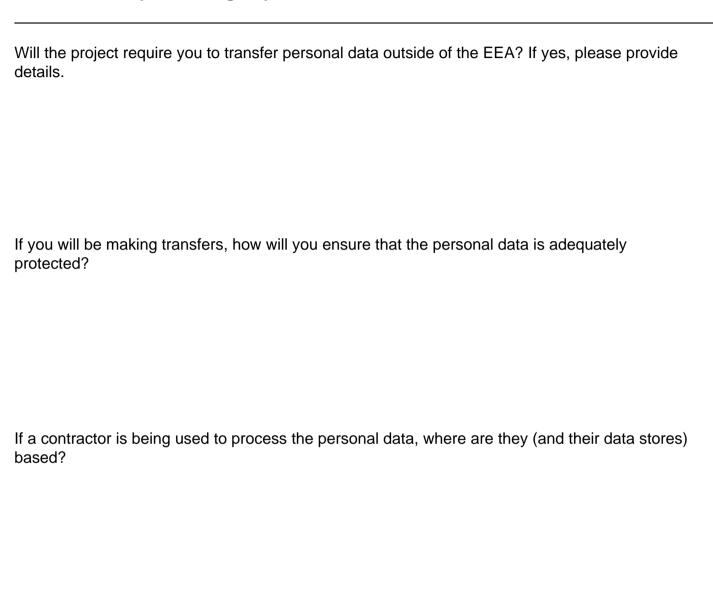
How will you ensure that only personal data that is adequate, relevant, and not excessive in relation to the purpose for which it is processed?

| Personal data shall be accurate and, where necessary, kept up to date. |
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| Are you able to update and amend personal data when necessary, after it has been collected and recorded? Please provide details. |
| How will you ensure that personal data obtained from individuals or other organisations is accurate? |
| Principle 5 Personal data processed for any purpose or purposes shall not be kept fo longer than necessary for that purpose or those purposes. |
| What retention periods are suitable for the personal data you will be processing? |
| How will you ensure the personal data is deleted in line with your retention periods? |
| What processes will be put in place for the destruction of the personal data? |

| under this Act. |
|---|
| If an individual requested a copy of the personal data held about them, detail how this would be provided to them. |
| If the project involves marketing, have you got a procedure for individuals to opt out of their personal data being used for that purpose? |
| Principle 7 |
| Appropriate technical and organisational measures shall be taken against unauthorised or unlawful processing of personal data and against accidental loss or destruction of, or damage to, personal data. |
| Where, and in what format, will the personal data be kept? |
| |
| Will an IT system or application be used to process the personal data? Please provide details. |

| How will this system provide protection against security risks to the personal data? |
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| What training and instructions are necessary to ensure that staff know how to operate the system securely? |
| Will staff ever process the personal data away from the office (e.g. via paper files, on laptops, tablets, or smart phones)? If so, please provide details. |
| How will access to the personal data be controlled? |

Personal data shall not be transferred to a country or territory outside the European Economic Area (EEA) unless that country of territory ensures and adequate level of protection for the rights and freedoms of data subjects in relation to the processing of personal data.



Section 5 - Privacy Impact Assessment Statement

| This statement must be completed for all projects, regardless of whether a PIA was deemed to be necessary on completion of the screening questions in Section 1. |
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| Name: |
| Position: |
| Project Summary: |
| Estimated date of project completion: |
| Please choose one of the following options: |
| None of the screening statements in Section 1 of this document apply to the above project, and I have determined that it is not necessary to conduct a Privacy Impact Assessment. |
| Some of the screening statements in Section 1 of this document apply to the above project, and a need to carry out a Privacy Impact Assessment was identified. The assessment has been carried out, and the outcomes will be integrated into the project plan to be developed and implemented. |
| Date: |
| Once completed, please send a copy of this document to Corporate Legal. |
| Email: information@southampton.gov.uk |
| Internal post: Corporate Legal, Civic Centre, Municipal, Ground Floor West |

Document Information

Title: Privacy Impact Assessment

Author: Chris Thornton, Senior Legal Assistant (Information)

Version: v2.1

Owner: Information Governance Board on behalf of the Council's Management Team

Agreed by: Richard Ivory, Head of Legal and Democratic Services

Effective from: 17th July 2015

Review Date: 17th July 2016

Revision History:

06/12/13 - Version 1.0 - Reviser: Vikas Gupta - Document Created

10/03/15 - Version 2.0 - Reviser: Chris Thornton - Updated to PDF form format

17/07/15 - Version 2.1 - Reviser: Chris Thornton - Added information re report in introduction

14/01/16 - Version 2.2 - Reviser: Chris Thornton - Added screening question

27/01/16 - Version 2.3 - Reviser: Chris Thornton - Added project completion date to S7

24/01/16 - Version 2.4 - Reviser: Chris Thornton - Added service level for issuing reports

29/04/16 - Version 2.5 - Reviser: Chris Thornton - Removed sections 5 and 6, and revised questions